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10	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
11	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
12		
13	FINJAN LLC,	Case No. 3:14-CV-04908-RS
14	Plaintiff,	ADMINISTRATIVE MOTION TO FILE UNDER SEAL PORTIONS
15	V.	OF DEFENDANT PALO ALTO NETWORKS, INC.'S MOTION
16	PALO ALTO NETWORKS, INC.,	FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT
17	Defendant.	Courtroom: 3, 17th Floor
18		Judge: Honorable Richard Seeborg
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In accordance with Civil Local Rules 7-11 and 79-5, and Section 14.4 of the Stipulated Protective Order (Dkt. No. 110), Defendant Palo Alto Networks, Inc. ("PAN") submits this Motion for an order to file under seal the yellow highlighted portions of PAN's Motion for Summary Judgment ("Motion") and Supporting Materials and Exhibits Thereto.

#### I. LEGAL STANDARD

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PAN's Motion is a dispositive motion, therefore, the "compelling reasons" standard applies to this sealing request. *See Kamakana v. City & Cnty. of Honolulu*, 447 F.3d 1172, 1179 (9th Cir. 2006) ("compelling reasons must be shown to seal judicial records attached to a dispositive motion") (internal quotations omitted). Courts have found that there are compelling reasons to seal "sources of business information that might harm a litigant's competitive standing." *Ctr. for Auto Safety v. Chrysler Grp., LLC*, 809 F.3d 1092, 1097 (9th Cir. 2016) (internal quotations omitted).

### II. DISCUSSION

### A. Specific Technical Details

PAN seeks to seal yellow highlighted portions in its Motion, and Exhibits 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 14, and 18 to the Declaration of Michael J. DeStefano in support of its Motion for Summary Judgment ("DeStefano Decl.") that contain specific technical details regarding the accused Next Generation Firewall products ("NGFW" products). These proposed redactions occur on pages 7-14, 16, 19-20 of PAN's Motion, pages 11-14, 148-149, 151-152, 155, 160-162, 220-223, 227, 230-231, 336-337 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 4; pages 63, 65-66 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 5; pages 493-497, 502-511, 517-525, 527, 592-597 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 6; page 1 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 7; page 1 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 8; pages 213-217, 306, 308, 312, 315-321 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 9; pages 40, 51-58, 65-68, 91-92, 94-96, 98, 100, 180-198, 201-203, 238-240 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 11; pages 87-88 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 12; pages 203-204, 209-211, 217-226, 228-229, 231-232, 297, 299-304, 317-319, 324-327, 331-334 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 14; page 160 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 17; and pages 122-131 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 18.

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NGFW is an industry-leading family of physical, virtualized, and containerized firewalls
that leverage machine learning for proactive protection. <sup>1</sup> The technical details regarding PAN's
NGFW products include configuration of the NGFW infrastructure, detailed workflow inside the
NGFW products, and specific capabilities of key components of the NGFW products.
(DeStefano Decl. ¶ 4.) Technical details regarding PAN's NGFW products are highly
confidential and proprietary to PAN. (Id.) PAN does not publicly disclose or describe this
information. (Id.) PAN's products succeed in the marketplace because they are of the highest
quality and performance. (Id.) These advantages are directly attributable to the technical details
and inner workings of PAN's products. (Id.) Public disclosure of this highly confidential
information would allow PAN's competitors to reverse engineer and achieve similar results in
their own products. (Id.) Disclosure of this information would also help PAN's competitors
advance their own technical development and shape their business decisions, thereby harming
PAN's competitive standing in the cybersecurity industry. (Id.) The confidentiality interests of
PAN therefore outweigh the right of public access to the record, as a substantial probability exists
that PAN's confidentiality interests will be prejudiced if the information is made public. (Id.)
Finally, given the nature of the products at issue (network security products) and in view of recent
cyberattacks with major impact (e.g., 2020 attack using several vectors impacting the U.S. federal
government, state governments, and private sector), disclosure of this information could
compromise the security of computers and networks protected by PAN's products. (Id.)
Sealing is also justified because courts in this district have previously granted motions to
file under seal technical details of products under the compelling reasons standard. Largan
Precision Co. v. Genius Elec. Optical Co., No. 3:13-cv-02502-JD, 2015 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 28698,
at *6, *8 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 9, 2015) (finding "compelling reasons to seal information regarding
technical details of the lens products at issue"); Cisco Sys. Inc. v. Arista Networks, Inc., No. 14-
ev-05344-BLF, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 113391, at *7, 8, 17, 35-36 (N.D. Cal. Aug. 24, 2016)

(finding compelling reasons to seal and granting sealing of information regarding "confidential

 $<sup>^1\</sup> https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/products/products-a-z$ 

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product development/roadmap information about [defendant]'s products," "specific functionality in [defendant]'s products," "sensitive and non-public aspects of the source code underlying [defendant]'s products," and "the inner workings of [defendant]'s products and their technological capabilities").

PAN seeks to seal limited redactions of only information that would allow others to gain access to PAN's closely-guarded product details. Thus, the proposed sealing is narrowly tailored, and no less restrictive means exist to protect PAN's overriding confidentiality interests and the public's security interests.

#### **B.** Pathnames and Filenames of Source Code

PAN seeks to seal yellow highlighted portions in Exhibits 9,11,12, and 14 to the DeStefano Declaration that contain pathnames and filenames of the PAN-OS and hardware source code that runs the accused NGFW products. These proposed redactions occur on pages 210, 217, 279, 306 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 9; pages 205-233 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 11; pages 84-85 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 12; and pages 289, 352 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 14.

The proposed redactions are narrowly tailored and include only the source code pathnames and filenames. (DeStefano Decl. ¶ 5.) PAN's source code is highly confidential and proprietary to PAN. (*Id.*) The large number of source code pathnames and filenames included in the Exhibits provide insights into the confidential internal architecture and operation of PAN's products. (*Id.*) There are compelling reasons to seal such information because access to the internal architecture and operation of PAN's products would help PAN's competitors advance their own technical development and shape their business decisions, thereby harming PAN's competitive standing in the cybersecurity industry. (*Id.*) The confidentiality interests of PAN therefore outweigh the right of public access to the record, as a substantial probability exists that PAN's confidentiality interests will be prejudiced if the information is made public. (*Id.*) Finally, the information PAN requests to be sealed concerns source code under the Protective Order previously entered by the Court and has been designated as such by PAN. (Dkt. No. 110.)

Sealing is also justified because courts in this district have previously granted motions to file under seal filenames or directories of source code under the compelling reasons standard.

Finjan, Inc. v. Proofpoint, Inc., No. 13-CV-05808-HSG, 2016 WL 7429304, at \*2 (N.D. Cal. Feb. 9, 2016) (finding "compelling reasons to seal confidential, sealable information, including source code directories"). PAN seeks only limited redactions of pathnames and filenames of PAN's source code. Thus, the proposed sealing is narrowly tailored, and no less restrictive means exist to protect PAN's overriding confidentiality interests and the public's security interests.

## C. Specific Details of Source Code

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PAN seeks to seal yellow highlighted portions in Exhibits 4, 9, 11, 12, 14, and 17 to the DeStefano Declaration that contain specific details of the PAN-OS and hardware source code that runs the accused Next-Generation Firewall ("NGFW") products. These proposed redactions occur on pages 147, 150, 158-159, 161, 217, 220-223, 227-229, 231-232 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 4; pages 213-217, 306, 308, 312, 315-321 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 9; pages 204-233 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 11; pages 84-85 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 12; and pages 289, 305, 352 of DeStefano Decl. Exhibit 14.

The proposed redactions are narrowly tailored: they list specific functions in PAN's source code and discuss how particular functions in PAN's source code operate, including their specific capabilities and what other functions are called by the particular functions. (DeStefano Decl. ¶ 6.) PAN's source code is highly confidential and proprietary to PAN. (*Id.*) PAN does not publicly disclose or describe how particular functions in PAN's source code operate. (*Id.*) PAN derives a business advantage from this information not being known by PAN's competitors or the general public. (*Id.*) There are compelling reasons to seal such information because disclosure of this highly confidential information would allow PAN's competitors to reverse engineer and copy PAN's products with little effort. (*Id.*) Disclosure of this information would also help PAN's competitors advance their own technical development and shape their business decisions, thereby harming PAN's competitive standing in the cybersecurity industry. (*Id.*) The confidentiality interests of PAN therefore outweigh the right of public access to the record, as a substantial probability exists that PAN's confidentiality interests will be prejudiced if the information is made public. (*Id.*) Moreover, given the nature of the products at issue (network

security products) and in view of recent cyberattacks with major impact (*e.g.*, 2020 attack using several vectors impacting the U.S. federal government, state governments, and private sector), disclosure of this information could compromise the security of computers and networks protected by PAN's products. (*Id.*) Finally, the information PAN requests to be sealed concerns source code under the Protective Order previously entered by the Court and has been designated as such by PAN. (Dkt. No. 110 § 2.9.)

Sealing is also justified because courts in this district have previously granted motions to

Sealing is also justified because courts in this district have previously granted motions to file under seal specific details of source code. See, e.g., *Zellmer v. Facebook, Inc.*, No. 3:18-cv-01880-JD, 2022 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 60253, \*8 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 31, 2022) (granting sealing of expert report that "contains detailed analysis of Facebook's source code" under the compelling reasons standard); *Open Text S.A. v. Box, Inc.*, No. 13-CV-04910-JD, 2014 WL 7368594, at \*3 (N.D. Cal. Dec. 26, 2014) (granting the party's motion to seal "highly confidential, non-public details relating to [] product design and source code" under the compelling reasons standard); see also *Network Appliance, Inc. v. Sun Microsystems Inc.*, No. C-07-06053 EDL, 2010 WL 841274, at \*5 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 10, 2010) (granting sealing of excerpts of opposition to summary judgment motion that include "detailed information regarding NetApp's proprietary source code" under the compelling reasons standard); *Apple, Inc. v. Samsung Elecs. Co.*, No. 11-CV-01846-LHK, 2012 WL 4068633 (N.D. Cal. Sept. 14, 2012) (finding compelling reasons to seal and granting sealing of documents discussing confidential source code and detailed technical information as "categories of information that [a]re sealable under Ninth Circuit law").

PAN seeks only limited redactions of specific discussions about particular functions in PAN's source code. Thus, the proposed sealing is narrowly tailored, and no less restrictive means exist to protect PAN's overriding confidentiality interests and the public's security interests.

#### III. CONCLUSION

PAN's request is "narrowly tailored to seek sealing only of sealable material," in accordance with Civil Local Rule 79-5(b) and Section 14.4 of the Stipulated Protective Order (Dkt. No. 110).

Accordingly, PAN requests that the Court grant its Administrative Motion to Seal.

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